## A little reminder......



## Sensing the particle

## Harvard 2007- Cling.E-coli

- Successfully produced functional N-terminal his/strep2-tagged AIDA1. (Biobrick no??)
- Magnetic-activated cell sorting (MACS) and Fluorescence-activated cell sorting (FACS) assays
- Binding with high affinity to bead might affect motility??



## Chemotaxis

## Bangalore 2006 - X-Y chemotaxis

- 2D control of chemotaxis on tri-gradient setup.
- Produced three biobricks that might be useful in our project:
- Plac - tar - CFP (J22001)
- Ptet - tsr - RFP (J22005)
- Plac - tar - CFP - Ptet - tsr - RFP (J22010)



## Chemotaxis

## Bangalore 2006 - X-Y chemotaxis

- Chemotaxis assays:

1. Slant plates
2. Bridge setup
3. Plug assay

C



## Chemotaxis

## Cambridge 2005

Some sort of chemotaxis, on and off but think is predetermined, v little info on wiki, most documentation missing or inadequate


## Chemotaxis

## Cambridge 2005

Results not great

http://www.ccbi.cam.ac.uk/iGEM2005/index.php/Main_Page

## Recruitment

Park et al. (2003) Motion to form a quorum. Science. 301, 188.

- Showed that E.coli and V.harveyi can use chemotaxis to form a quorum in confined spaces.
- "Cells accumulate in the enclosure because they are attracted to each other due to their secretion of amino acids, such as glycine, that are chemoattractants".
- "In nutrient-depleted environments...the cells themselves become sources of attractant molecules."


Using default glucose gradient (Bangalore 2006) that guides bacteria from inoculation site towards the particle????

## Quorum Sensing

Havard 2007 - Quorum sensing

- Prepared 'Receiver’ (luxR-GFP) (T9002) cells and Co-transformed 'Sender' cells (luxl-RFP/AIDAstrep2) (S03623 + I13507 / ??)
- Demonstrated that co-transformed sender cells accummulate around streptavidin beads and that 'receiver' cells are able to detect quorum signal released by 'sender' cells.
- Binding to the bead however, is not an signal for production of the quorum signal.


Strep2 tag


## Quorum Sensing

## UT Austin - Quorum sensing

- E. coli carried 30C6HSL amplifier and a pseudomonas autoinducer (Al-1) amplifier
- HSL activates high level production of HSL
- PAI activates high level production PAI
- Both compounds diffuse out of cells in all directions
- Also used bio brick to repress production of both HSL and PAI in 660nm light
- allowed cells in a particle area to be targeted by using light (or the lack of light)


## Quorum Sensing and the chemotactic switch

## Cambridge 2006

-Aiming for pattern of Ecoli of 2 types, one expressing RFP, the other GFP
-When there is a high concentration of one type in an area the other type will change into the $1^{\text {st }}$ type


- Used 2 types of homeserine lactone (HSL) C6 and C12. Used in Quorum sensing
- One type produces C6 HSL and responds to C12 HSL,

- the other type Produces C12 and responds to C6 that has been produced by the 1st type

- Using a series of operons had 2 final types glowing either red or green that both inhibited and promoted each others cell types.


Figure 5.1. Diagram of genetic circuitry of the proposed bi-stable switch system
-So the type of Fluorescent protein expressed depends on numbers/ concentrations of types.


## Uses in our project?

-Switching from recruiting to pushing
-Over complicated way?
-Reversibility?
-All biobricks already available,
-Proposed variations, using different HSL systems
-<http://www.ccbi.cam.ac.uk/iGEM2006/index.php/Main Page>

## Experimental Protocols

## Rice 2006/2007- Seek and destroy E.coli

- Produced a chimeric LuxN-tsr receptor which proved functional in swarm assays - but not applicable to our project
- Swarm assay
- Used plates of Tryptone soft agar (TSA), and made 13 equidistant spots of chemoattractant down the midline of the plate.
- Chemoattractant gradient extends from the midline in Gaussian distribution - Derr P, Boder E, Goulian M. (2006) Changing the specificity of a bacterial chemoreceptor. J. Mol. Biol. 355(5):923-32.
- Transformed cells spotted onto TSA plates and grown at $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Imgaes taken at different time points.

